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The following points serve to highlight the main findings of this study;

- A novel technique called bridge-overlap-extension PCR was developed for constructing chimeric genes. It is especially useful where the length of the shorter segment of the chimera is 90-300 bp.
- A chimeric gene between the signal sequence of P-factor of S. pombe and mature SK was synthesized and expressed under the control of nmt1 promoter.
 A level of expression of mature SK that was similar to that in E. coli and P. pastoris was achieved. The mature SK was secreted into periplasmic fraction. No glycosylation or significant degradation was observed.
- 2. A novel mutant of extracellular protease of S. pombe, epp1 was isolated.
- 3. Expression of chimeric gene of SK in *epp1* mutant yielded better expression under stationary phase conditions with almost complete conversion into mature SK and full recovery of cellular SK, with no detectable degradation.
- 4. A promoter element was isolated by screening for DNA fragments that drive the expression of gfp reporter in *S. pombe* in response to temperature shift from 37°C to 25°C. Sequencing and activity of the new promoter revealed that this element corresponds to a small region of the *nmt1* promoter. Thus, we have uncovered a hitherto unknown function of a small region of the previously known *nmt1* promoter.
- 5. Expression of gfp, β -galactosidase and cdc18 of S. pombe from the nmt-185 promoter was compared to that with nmt1. The new promoter exhibits a 5-fold faster kinetics of induction achieving comparable levels of expression as with

nmt1 but in much shorter induction period. This new promoter should be of immense use as a research tool for expression of both homologous and heterologous genes in *S. pombe*.

7. A new vector incorporating the *nmt-185* promoter fragment and a multiple cloning sequence for insertion of gene of interest has been constructed. This vector may be useful for expression of proteins of commercial and pharmaceutical interest.